

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE **Patent and Trademark Office**

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED IN	NVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	
09/601,103	07/27/00	TAMURA		R	152-531P	
_ 0022 9 2		IM52/1106	\neg	EXAMINER		
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH PO BOX 747				FERGUSON, L		
FALLS CHURC	H VA 22040-	0747		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1774	5	
				DATE MAILED:	11/06/01	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

11/06/01

	Application No.		Applicant(s)						
Office Action Summany	09/601,103		TAMURA ET AL.						
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit						
	Lawrence D Fergus		1774	Idea					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status									
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on									
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	a) This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.									
Disposition of Claims									
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application.									
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav	vn from considerati	ion.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.									
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.									
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.									
Application Papers									
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.									
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.									
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.									
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.									
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120									
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).									
a) All b) Some * c) None of:									
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.									
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No									
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).									
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).									
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. 									
Attachment(s)									
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 4 	5) 🔲 N		r (PTO-413) Paper No Patent Application (PT						

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DETAILED ACTION

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103(a)

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Shinozuka et al. (U.S. 5,298,305) in view of JP 09098789.
- 3. Shinozuka discloses a recording medium composed of a recording layer formed with an atomic percentage (abstract). Shinozuka discloses an optical recording medium in which a phase change is caused in a recording material by the application of a light beam (column 1, lines 7-13). Shinozuka teaches Ge-Sb-Te is conventionally used as recording material (column 1, lines 36-39). Shinozuka discloses the recording material is composed of Ag (column 3, lines 17-19). Shinozuka discloses the amount of Ag element (column 4, lines 3) to be 0.5 to 10 atm.% (column 4, line 31). Shinozuka discloses a protective layer (column 4, line 47) over the recording layer. Recoding and protective layers are analogous to recording and protective films. Although Shinozuka does not explicitly disclose the precise at %/nm, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to optimize the components since discovering the optimum or workable

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ranges involves only routine skill in the art. Shinozuka does not disclose nitrogen content on both sides of the recording and protective layers; containing ZnS-SiO₂.

JP '789 teaches a protective layer on one side of the recording layer and making nitrogen content in the vicinity of the boundary surface between the protective layer and the recording layer smaller than the average nitrogen content of the recording layer (abstract, lines 2-8). JP '789 teaches a recording medium containing ZnS-SiO₂ along with GeSbTe alloy (abstract, lines 9-14) which are known dielectric material.

Shinozuka and JP '478 are analogous art because they are from the same field of recording media. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in art to include the nitrogen content on both sides of the recording and protective layers containing ZnS-SiO₂ in the recording medium of Shinozuka because JP '789 teaches that these particular protective layers are known in the art and are usefull for an increase in weatherability of the recording medium.

Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lawrence Ferguson whose telephone number is (703) 305-9978. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30 AM – 4:30PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia Kelly can be reached on (703) 308-0449. Please allow the examiner twenty-four hours to return your call.

the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-2351.

The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are

(703) 305-5408 for regular communications and (703) 305-3599 for After Final communications. Any

inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to

CYNTHIA H. KELLY **SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER**

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700

Lawrence D. Ferguson

Examiner

November 5, 2001